

Australian Government Australian Transport Safety Bureau

Passenger injury at Gosnells Railway Station

Perth, Western Australia, on 26 October 2019

ATSB Transport Safety Report Rail Occurrence Investigation RO-2019-019 Final – 28 April 2020 Released in accordance with section 25 of the Transport Safety Investigation Act 2003

Publishing information

Published by:	Australian Transport Safety Bureau
Postal address:	PO Box 967, Civic Square ACT 2608
Office:	62 Northbourne Avenue Canberra, Australian Capital Territory 2601
Telephone:	1800 020 616, from overseas +61 2 6257 2463 (24 hours)
	Accident and incident notification: 1800 011 034 (24 hours)
Email:	atsbinfo@atsb.gov.au
Website:	www.atsb.gov.au

© Commonwealth of Australia 2020

Ownership of intellectual property rights in this publication

Unless otherwise noted, copyright (and any other intellectual property rights, if any) in this publication is owned by the Commonwealth of Australia.

Creative Commons licence

With the exception of the Coat of Arms, ATSB logo, and photos and graphics in which a third party holds copyright, this publication is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Australia licence.

Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Australia Licence is a standard form license agreement that allows you to copy, distribute, transmit and adapt this publication provided that you attribute the work.

The ATSB's preference is that you attribute this publication (and any material sourced from it) using the following wording: *Source*: Australian Transport Safety Bureau

Copyright in material obtained from other agencies, private individuals or organisations, belongs to those agencies, individuals or organisations. Where you want to use their material you will need to contact them directly.

Addendum

Page	Change	Date

Safety summary

What happened

At about 1555 on 26 October 2019, Transperth passenger train service 5077CP travelling from Perth to Armadale stations in Perth, Western Australia arrived on platform two at the Gosnells Railway Station.

As multiple passengers alighted the train and moved along the platform toward the exit gate, a young male child separated from his family group. The child walked among the other passengers but wandered toward the edge of the platform and the side of the stationary railcar.

Around the same time, the driver of 5077CP was preparing to depart the train from the platform. The driver viewed the Driver Assist Video monitor located on the driver's console to check passengers had completed boarding/alighting the train and were clear before commencing the processes to close the doors.

As the doors were closing, the child crossed the painted safety line and continued to approach the edge of the platform before turning and looking back toward his family group. He stumbled against the side of the third railcar adjacent to its rear door and accidentally stepped off the edge of the platform coping, falling between the railcar and platform to the track formation below.

Nearby persons on the platform and the child's family members responded almost immediately raising an alarm while attempting to retrieve the child. As train 5077CP commenced to move, a passenger in the third railcar responded to the persons on the platform and contacted the driver via the emergency passenger intercom, calling for the driver to stop.

The train travelled around 12 metres before stopping. After the train stopped, family members lifted the child from the track and onto the platform. Police incident reports indicated the child was uninjured during the fall and retrieval. However, a family member was reported to have sustained injuries and subsequently transported to hospital for treatment.

What the ATSB found

A young male child separated from his family group and wandered close to the platform edge before losing his footing and falling between the platform and adjacent railcar to the track below. The swift reaction by the driver to stop the train in response to an alarm raised by a passenger via the internal emergency intercom system very likely prevented more serious injuries from being received by the young child or other family members

Safety message

Passengers and other persons present at a railway station platform must observe the markings on its surface that specify the required separation to keep from the platform edge and adjacent track.

The occurrence

What happened

At about 1555¹ on 26 October 2019, Transperth passenger train service 5077CP² travelling from Perth to Armadale stations in Perth, Western Australia arrived at platform two of the Gosnells Railway Station.

As multiple passengers alighted the train³ and moved along the platform toward the exit gate, a young male child travelling with his family exited the train from the front door of the third railcar. Shortly after alighting, while family group members stopped to attend to a sibling, the young male child separated from the group. The child walked among the other passengers but wandered toward the edge of the platform and the side of the stationary railcar.

Around the same time, the driver of 5077CP⁴ was preparing to depart the train from the platform. The driver viewed the Driver Assist Video (DAV) monitor located on the driver's console (Figure 1) to check passengers had completed boarding/alighting the train. The DAV displayed vision from a CCTV camera⁵ of the platform and along the side of the train from front to back. The angle of the camera was sufficient to provide drivers a view along the side of the whole train.

Satisfied the doors were clear, the driver then operated the controls to commence the sequence of processes to close the doors. The driver's attention then focused toward checking the indication displayed on the trackside signal #453 and the status of the Dorothy Street level crossing ahead.



Figure 1: View of driver's panel

Source: ATSB

¹ The 24-hour clock referenced to Western Standard Time (WST): Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) + 8 hours.

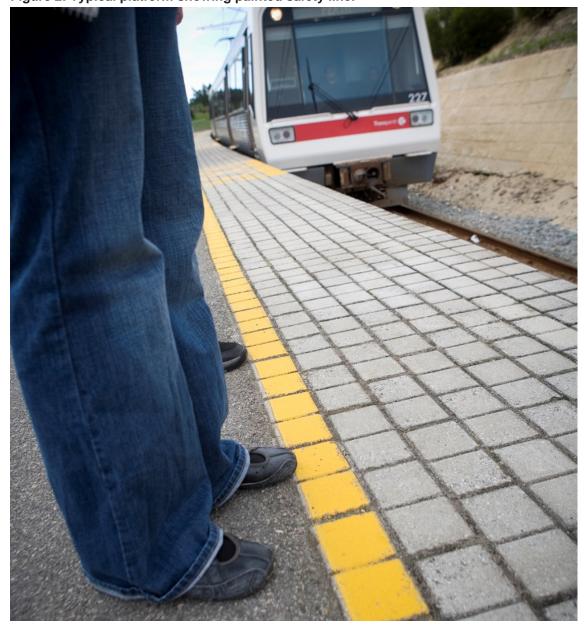
² Train 5077CP was an electric multiple unit comprised by four railcars.

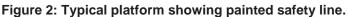
³ Passengers could board/alight each railcar via two doors on the platform side of the train.

⁴ Train 5077CP was crewed by two drivers, a trainee and driver trainer. The trainee was at the controls of the train at the time of the occurrence. Transperth passenger trains did not have a guard on-board.

⁵ The CCTV images transmitted wirelessly to the train from a camera installed on the platform structure.

There were still numerous passengers across the width of the platform walking toward the station exit adjacent to the last (fourth) railcar. As the doors were closing, the child crossed the painted safety line (Figure 2) and continued to approach the edge of the platform before turning and looking back toward his family group. He stumbled against the side of the third railcar adjacent to its rear door and accidentally stepped off the edge of the platform coping, falling between the railcar and platform to the track formation below. Nearby persons on the platform and the child's family members responded almost immediately raising an alarm to passengers on-board the train or reaching down between the platform and railcar trying to retrieve the child.⁶





Source: Transperth 'Get on Board' safety education program.

⁶ Gosnells railway station did not have platform staff.

As train 5077CP commenced to move, a passenger in the third railcar responded to the persons on the platform and contacted the driver via the emergency passenger intercom, calling for the driver to stop. The driver, unaware of the reason for the emergency call,⁷ reacted swiftly, applying full service braking to stop the train.

The train travelled around 12 metres before stopping. During the movement of the train, a family member of the child sustained injuries either from contact with the side of the railcar or the platform edge. After the train stopped, family members lifted the child from the track and onto the platform. Police incident reports indicated the child was uninjured during the fall and retrieval.

Emergency services attended Gosnells Station. An ambulance transported the injured family member to hospital for assessment/treatment. Another family member took the young child to hospital. Following clearance from WA Police and train control, train 5077CP departed Gosnells Station for Armadale at about 16:12. Transperth relieved the train crew from duty at Claisebrook Station to conduct follow-up enquiries.

Findings

These findings should not be read as apportioning blame or liability to any particular organisation or individual.

- A young child separated from his family group and wandered close to the platform edge before losing footing and falling between the platform and adjacent railcar.
- The swift reaction by the driver to stop the train in response to an alarm raised by a passenger via the internal emergency intercom system very likely prevented more serious injuries from being received by the young child or other family members.

An image from the platform mounted CCTV camera was not displayed on the driver assist video monitor once the train commenced departure from a platform or following activation of the emergency passenger intercom.

General details

Occurrence details

Date and time:	26 October 2019 – 1556 AWST		
Occurrence category:	Incident		
Primary occurrence type:	Slip/Trip/Fall		
Location:	19.4 km Armadale line, Perth, Western Australia		
	Latitude: 32° 4.266' S	Longitude: 115° 59.966' E	

Train details

Train operator:	Transperth		
Registration:	5077CP		
Type of operation:	Suburban Passenger		
Departure:	Perth Station		
Destination:	Armadale Station		
Injuries:	Crew – 0	Passengers – 2	
Damage:	None		

About the ATSB

The ATSB is an independent Commonwealth Government statutory agency. The ATSB is governed by a Commission and is entirely separate from transport regulators, policy makers and service providers. The ATSB's function is to improve safety and public confidence in the aviation, marine and rail modes of transport through excellence in: independent investigation of transport accidents and other safety occurrences; safety data recording, analysis and research; fostering safety awareness, knowledge and action.

The ATSB is responsible for investigating accidents and other transport safety matters involving civil aviation, marine and rail operations in Australia that fall within the ATSB's jurisdiction, as well as participating in overseas investigations involving Australian registered aircraft and ships. A primary concern is the safety of commercial transport, with particular regard to operations involving the travelling public.

The ATSB performs its functions in accordance with the provisions of the *Transport Safety Investigation Act 2003* and Regulations and, where applicable, relevant international agreements.

Purpose of safety investigations

The object of a safety investigation is to identify and reduce safety-related risk. ATSB investigations determine and communicate the factors related to the transport safety matter being investigated.

It is not a function of the ATSB to apportion blame or determine liability. At the same time, an investigation report must include factual material of sufficient weight to support the analysis and findings. At all times the ATSB endeavours to balance the use of material that could imply adverse comment with the need to properly explain what happened, and why, in a fair and unbiased manner.

About this report

Decisions regarding whether to conduct an investigation, and the scope of an investigation, are based on many factors, including the level of safety benefit likely to be obtained from an investigation. For this occurrence, a limited-scope, fact-gathering investigation was conducted in order to produce a short summary report, and allow for greater industry awareness of potential safety issues and possible safety actions.