**Aviation Safety Investigation Report 199402112** 

Cessna Aircraft Company 180E

04 August 1994

## Aviation Safety Investigation Report 199402112

Readers are advised that the Australian Transport Safety Bureau investigates for the sole purpose of enhancing transport safety. Consequently, Bureau reports are confined to matters of safety significance and may be misleading if used for any other purposes.

Investigations commenced on or before 30 June 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the Executive Director of the Bureau in accordance with Part 2A of the Air Navigation Act 1920.

Investigations commenced after 1 July 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the Executive Director of the Bureau in accordance with the Transport Safety Investigation Act 2003 (TSI Act). Reports released under the TSI Act are not admissible as evidence in any civil or criminal proceedings.

NOTE: All air safety occurrences reported to the ATSB are categorised and recorded. For a detailed explanation on Category definitions please refer to the ATSB website at www.atsb.gov.au.

The Bureau did not conduct an on scene investigation of this occurrence. The information presented below was obtained from information supplied to the Bureau.

Occurrence Number: 199402112 Occurrence Type: Accident

**Location:** Broome

State: WA Inv Category:

**Date:** Thursday 04 August 1994

Time: 1615 hours Time Zone WST

Highest Injury Level: None

Aircraft Manufacturer: Cessna Aircraft Company

Aircraft Model: 180E

Aircraft Registration: VH-PFT Serial Number: 18051144

**Type of Operation:** Miscellaneous Parachute Jump

Damage to Aircraft:SubstantialDeparture Point:Broome WADeparture Time:1555 WSTDestination:Broome WA

**Crew Details:** 

	Hours on		
Role	Class of Licence	Type Hou	ırs Total
Pilot-In-Command	Commercial	250.0	600

**Approved for Release:** Wednesday, October 5, 1994

The pilot had been operating the aircraft in the area for several weeks in support of parachuting operations. Towards the end of the day he requested to be refuelled, but the refueller was busy and could not immediately attend to the request. The pilot departed without refuelling and whilst turning onto finals at the conclusion of the sortie, the engine sputtered and stopped. In order to avoid undershooting and possibly landing in houses, the pilot elected to land in a clear area of mangrove. When the wheels sank into the sift surface, the aircraft overturned.

Minimal quantities of fuel were discovered in the aircraft and the fuel system after it was righted and the investigation did not discover any reason for the engine stoppage other than fuel exhaustion. The most likely explanation for the fuel exhaustion was the poor fuel management practices of the pilot.