Aviation Safety Investigation Report 199401734

Cameron Balloons Ltd N-160

19 June 1994

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Investigations commenced on or before 30 June 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the Executive Director of the Bureau in accordance with Part 2A of the Air Navigation Act 1920.

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NOTE: All air safety occurrences reported to the ATSB are categorised and recorded. For a detailed explanation on Category definitions please refer to the ATSB website at www.atsb.gov.au.

The Bureau did not conduct an on scene investigation of this occurrence. The information presented below was obtained from information supplied to the Bureau.

Occurrence Number: 199401734 Occurrence Type: Accident

Location: Woodford

State: QLD Inv Category: 4

Date: Sunday 19 June 1994

Time: 0645 hours **Time Zone** EST

Highest Injury Level: None

Aircraft Manufacturer: Cameron Balloons Ltd

Aircraft Model: N-160

Aircraft Registration: VH-HZH Serial Number: 1885

Type of Operation: Charter Passenger

Damage to Aircraft: Substantial **Departure Point:** Woodford QLD

Departure Time:

Destination: Caboolture Airfield QLD

Crew Details:

	Hours on		
Role	Class of Licence	Type Hou	ırs Total
Pilot-In-Command	Commercial	120.0	385

Approved for Release: Wednesday, March 6, 1996

It was reported that fuel usage during the flight appeared to be excessive and the burner flames were more yellow coloured than normal. The pilot suspected a problem with the fuel gas and decided to land before his supply ran out. During the approach, the pilot had difficulty in controlling the descent accurately because of an unusually slow response to control burns. Following three landing attempts, the balloon was landed in pine trees. Eleven envelope panels were torn.

Investigation with the gas supplier revealed that the fuel mixture was not the 97% Propane requested but a mixture of 35% propane and 65% propylene. It was not the first flight using this fuel mixture but it was the first time that the outside air temperature was as low as +5 degrees Celcius. Subsequent tests by the operator showed that the burners were inefficient with this gas at the lower temperatures.