**Aviation Safety Investigation Report 199500974** 

Boeing Co B767

27 March 1995

## Aviation Safety Investigation Report 199500974

Readers are advised that the Australian Transport Safety Bureau investigates for the sole purpose of enhancing transport safety. Consequently, Bureau reports are confined to matters of safety significance and may be misleading if used for any other purposes.

Investigations commenced on or before 30 June 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the Executive Director of the Bureau in accordance with Part 2A of the Air Navigation Act 1920.

Investigations commenced after 1 July 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the Executive Director of the Bureau in accordance with the Transport Safety Investigation Act 2003 (TSI Act). Reports released under the TSI Act are not admissible as evidence in any civil or criminal proceedings.

NOTE: All air safety occurrences reported to the ATSB are categorised and recorded. For a detailed explanation on Category definitions please refer to the ATSB website at www.atsb.gov.au.

The Bureau did not conduct an on scene investigation of this occurrence. The information presented below was obtained from information supplied to the Bureau.

Occurrence Number: 199500974 Occurrence Type: Incident

**Location:** 18km N Canberra

State: ACT Inv Category: 4

**Date:** Monday 27 March 1995

**Time:** 0940 hours **Time Zone** EST

Highest Injury Level: None

**Aircraft** Boeing Co

Manufacturer:

Aircraft Model: 767-277

Aircraft Registration: VH-RMH Serial 22696

Number:

**Type of Operation:** Air Transport Domestic High Capacity Passenger

Scheduled

**Damage to Aircraft:** Nil

**Departure Point:** Sydney NSW **Departure Time:** 0924 EST

**Destination:** Melbourne VIC

**Approved for Release:** Friday, July 21, 1995

Whilst on climb to FL410 the pilot requested a descent to FL270 due to a minor engine problem. A short time later the pilot advised he was shutting down the left engine and requested a return to Sydney for a priority landing. He also requested the aerodrome fire service to be placed on standby. The aircraft subsequently landed without further incident.

It was later determined that the engine had suffered a 1st stage turbine blade failure. A metalurgical report subsequently determined that the failure was caused by fatigue crack growth which initiated from a stress concentrator in one of the blade cooling passages. It appeared that the stress concentrator was created during blade manufacture.