Aviation Safety Investigation Report 199500501

Cessna Aircraft Company Agwagon

11 February 1995

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Investigations commenced on or before 30 June 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the Executive Director of the Bureau in accordance with Part 2A of the Air Navigation Act 1920.

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NOTE: All air safety occurrences reported to the ATSB are categorised and recorded. For a detailed explanation on Category definitions please refer to the ATSB website at www.atsb.gov.au.

The Bureau did not conduct an on scene investigation of this occurrence. The information presented below was obtained from information supplied to the Bureau.

199500501	Occurrence Type:	: Accident
Cooma		
NSW	Inv Category:	4
Saturday 11 February 1995		
1155 hours	Time Zone	ESuT
None		
A188B/A1 VH-ICA Non-commercial Pleasu Substantial	Serial Nu re/Travel	umber: 18803391T
	Cooma NSW Saturday 11 February 1995 1155 hours None r: Cessna Aircraft Compan A188B/A1 VH-ICA Non-commercial Pleasu Substantial Ag. airstrip near Cooma	Cooma NSW Inv Category: Saturday 11 February 1995 1155 hours Time Zone None r: Cessna Aircraft Company A188B/A1 VH-ICA Serial Nu Non-commercial Pleasure/Travel Substantial Ag. airstrip near Cooma NSW

	Hours on		
Role	Class of Licence	Type Hou	rs Total
Pilot-In-Command	Commercial	45.0	606

Approved for Release: Monday, April 3, 1995

The pilot advised that during the landing roll on bitumen runway 36, the aircraft swung sharply to the right. He applied left brake to correct the swing. The aircraft began to straighten but then it veered sharply to the right again like a ground loop. The left landing gear leg collapsed and the left wing struck and propeller struck the ground. At the time, the wind was gusting 10 to 15 knots from 010 degrees.

After the accident, the pilot thought that the left brake might have failed causing him to lose directional control. An engineer inspected the brakes and advised that there was no evidence of a brake failure. However, the engineer rebuilding the aircraft discovered a pre-existing fatigue crack through about half the left landing gear leg. It is probable the fatigued landing gear leg failed during the landing roll.

According to the engineer, the landing gear legs in VH-ICA were of the thicker metal version. Therefore they were not subject to mandatory magnetic particle method crack testing as were the earlier version of spring legs in accordance with Airworthiness Directive AD/Cessna 188/3.

Significant Factors

This accident was not the subject of an on scene investigation and there was insufficient evidence available from other sources to determine the factors that led to the accident.

Safety Action

The maintenance organisation rebuilding VH-ICA advised that a defect report would be submitted to the Civil Aviation Authority concerning the pre-existing crack found in the landing gear leg.

The Bureau of Air Safety Investigation advised the Civil Aviation Authority of the fatigue crack by way of the Bureau's weekly summary of occurrences.