Aviation Safety Investigation Report 199602991

British Aerospace Plc BAe 146-300 Saab Aircraft AB 340

15 September 1996

Aviation Safety Investigation Report 199602991

Readers are advised that the Australian Transport Safety Bureau investigates for the sole purpose of enhancing transport safety. Consequently, Bureau reports are confined to matters of safety significance and may be misleading if used for any other purposes.

Investigations commenced on or before 30 June 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the Executive Director of the Bureau in accordance with Part 2A of the Air Navigation Act 1920.

Investigations commenced after 1 July 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the Executive Director of the Bureau in accordance with the Transport Safety Investigation Act 2003 (TSI Act). Reports released under the TSI Act are not admissible as evidence in any civil or criminal proceedings.

NOTE: All air safety occurrences reported to the ATSB are categorised and recorded. For a detailed explanation on Category definitions please refer to the ATSB website at www.atsb.gov.au.

The Bureau did not conduct an on scene investigation of this occurrence. The information presented below was obtained from information supplied to the Bureau.

Occurrence Number: 199602991 Occurrence Type: Incident

Location: Bindook, Non Directional Beacon

State: NSW Inv Category: 4

Date: Sunday 15 September 1996

Time: 1045 hours **Time Zone** EST

Highest Injury Level: None

Aircraft Manufacturer: Saab Aircraft AB

Aircraft Model: SF-340B

Aircraft Registration: VH-EKH Serial Number: 369

Type of Operation: Air Transport Domestic Low Capacity Passenger Scheduled

Damage to Aircraft: Nil

Departure Point: Wagga Wagga NSW

Departure Time:

Destination: Sydney NSW

Crew Details:

Hours on

Role	Class of Licence	Type Hor	urs Total
Pilot-In-Command	ATPL	833.0	3498

Aircraft British Aerospace Plc

Manufacturer:

Aircraft Model: BAe 146-300

Aircraft Registration: VH-EWI Serial 3171

Number:

Type of Operation: Air Transport Domestic High Capacity Passenger

Scheduled

Damage to Aircraft: Nil

Departure Point: Hobart Tas

Departure Time:

Destination: Sydney NSW

Approved for Release: Thursday, October 17, 1996

The SAAB 340B aircraft was conducting a regular public transport flight from Wagga to Sydney via the Bindook VOR navigation aid. The crew had been told by ATC to expect an OAKDALE 2 arrival into Sydney. Approaching Bindook the SAAB was instructed by ATC to enter the holding pattern at FL170.

The captain removed his headset to advise the passengers on the public address (PA) system of the delay, whilst the first officer handled the aircraft. Shortly after, as the captain was addressing the passengers, ATC cancelled the holding, and instructed the SAAB to turn onto a heading of 180 degrees, on descent to FL160. The first officer acknowledged the cancellation of the holding, and the descent clearance, but did not readback the assigned heading.

When the captain had completed the PA announcement the first officer advised him that they had been cleared to leave the holding pattern and track direct to the Bindook VOR for an OAKDALE 2 arrival. The captain was unaware that the aircraft had been assigned a heading.

ATC noticed the SAAB turning left through its assigned heading and queried the crew, reiterating the required heading of 180. As the SAAB turned right to 180 degrees, the separation between the SAAB and a British Aerospace 146 (BAe 146) was reduced to 3.5 NM laterally and 500 ft vertically. The SAAB passed behind the BAe 146 as ATC issued instructions to the aircraft to increase their vertical separation. The minimum required separation standard was 5 NM horizontal, or 1,000 ft vertical.

The expectation of an OAKDALE 2 arrival may have caused the SAAB's first officer to anticipate a standard intercept from the Bindook aid. This error could have been averted if ATC had queried the lack of the assigned heading readback by the first officer, and if the captain's attention had not been diverted by making a PA announcement. The captain reported that PA announcements are usually made at the commencement of holding, to minimise any conflict with normal ATC communications. However, he had not anticipated that the holding would be cancelled so quickly, and consequently had not heard the ATC instructions.