COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA
DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL AVIATION

2 THE AIRCRAFT

1. LOCATION OF OCCURRENCE

Near Ventnor, Phillip Island, Victoria.

AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION SUMMARY REPORT

Height o.m.s.l. (ft) 75 feet Date 9.2.69 Reference No. AS/693/1009

> Zone EST

Time (Local) 1320

Registered Owner		Registration VH-MOL			ificate of orthiness	Valid from 22.4.66		Valid to 21.4.75	
		Operator				Degree of domage to aircraft Substantial			
					Other property damaged Nil				
Defects discovered		<u> </u>			<u></u>				
Nil					•	•			
NIL									
2 705 51 607					·	·			
3. THE FLIGHT Last or intended departure point	Time of departure	Next point of intended landing		Purpose of flight		Class of operation			
Moorabbin	1250	Phillip Island		Travel		Private			
THE CREW	. I				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Name	Status	Age	Class of licence		Hours on type	Total hours	Total hours Degree of injury		
	Pilot	49	Private		129 hours	129 hours	Nil		
5. OTHER PERSONS (All pas	sengers and person	s injured o	on ground)				<u>.</u>		
Name	Status	Degree of	njury .		Name	St	latus	Degree of injury	
	Passenger	Nil				Pass	senger Nil		
CONTRAVENTIONS OF R	EGULATIONS AND	ORDERS							
Regulation or Order No.				Nature of c	antravention				
·									
		•							
RELEVANT EVENTS									
Prior to landing on a strip	_		-	•	-				
subject to a cross wind of adjacent to the strip thresh									
the aircraft encountered a									
the left and, although the p	oilot took remed	ial actior	, he was	unable to	maintain d	irectional	control	. In the	
latter stages of the landing	run, the aircra	ift swung	further	into wind	and the nos	e landing g	ear str	ut bent.	
		•							
		•							
			:		•				
8. OPINION AS TO CAUSE				·					
The cause of the accident of directional control.	was that, during	a landin	g in a ștr	rong cross	swind, the p	oilot was ur	nable to	maintain	
Report approved	an.	(D.S.GR	AHAM)		t Director- fcty Investi	General	24.	2.70	

DEFINITIONS

- ACCIDENT An occurrence associated with the operation of an aircraft which takes place between the time any person boards the aircraft with the intention of flight until such time as all those persons have disembarked and in which
 - (a) any person suffers death or serious injury as a result of being in or upon the aircraft or by direct contact with the aircraft or anything attached to the aircraft; or
 - (b) the aircraft suffers substantial damage.

FATAL INJURY - Any injury which results in death within 30 days.

SERIOUS INJURY - Any injury other than a fatal injury which

- (a) requires hospitalisation for more than 48 hours, commencing within seven days from the date the injury was received; or
- (b) results in a fracture of any bone (except simple fractures of fingers, toes or nose); or
- (c) involves lacerations which cause severe haemorrhages, nerve, muscle or tendon damage; or
- (d) involves injury to any internal organ; or
- (e) involves second or third degree burns, or any burns affecting more than five percent of the body surface.

MINOR INJURY - Any injury other than as defined under "Fatal Injury" or "Serious Injury".

DESTROYED - Consumed by fire, demolished or damaged beyond repair.

SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE - Damage or structural failure which adversely affects the structural strength, performance or flight characteristics of the aircraft and which would normally require major repair or replacement of the affected component. The following types of damage are specifically excluded: engine failure, damage limited to an engine, bent fairings or cowling, dented skin, small punctured holes in the skin or fabric, taxi-ing damage to propeller blades, damage to tyres, engine accessories, brakes, or wingtips.

MINOR DAMAGE - Damage other than as defined under "Destroyed" or "Substantial Damage".