1

Aviation Safety Investigation Report 198903756

Piper PA28R-200

14 March 1989

Readers are advised that the Australian Transport Safety Bureau investigates for the sole purpose of enhancing transport safety. Consequently, Bureau reports are confined to matters of safety significance and may be misleading if used for any other purposes.

Investigations commenced on or before 30 June 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the CEO of the Bureau in accordance with Part 2A of the Air Navigation Act 1920.

Investigations commenced after 1 July 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the CEO of the Bureau in accordance with the Transport Safety Investigation Act 2003 (TSI Act). Reports released under the TSI Act are not admissible as evidence in any civil or criminal proceedings.

NOTE: All air safety occurrences reported to the ATSB are categorised and recorded. For a detailed explanation on Category definitions please refer to the ATSB website at www.atsb.gov.au.

Occurrence Number: 198903756 Occurrence Type: Accident

Location: Fanning River Station, 65km SW Townsville QLD **Date:** 14 March 1989 **Time:** 1500

Highest Injury Level: Nil

Injuries:

	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None
Crew	0	0	1	1
Ground	0	0	0	-
Passenger	0	0	0	1
Total	0	0	0	2

Aircraft Details: Piper PA28R-200

Registration: VH-SLH **Serial Number:** 28R-7135126 **Operation Type:** Private

Damage Level: SubstantialDeparture Point: Woodstock QLD

Departure Time: 1445

Destination: Fanning River Station QLD

Approved for Release: 9th August 1990

Circumstances:

On arrival at Fanning River the pilot lowered the landing gear and obtained an indication that the landing gear was locked down. The aircraft subsequently touched down on the mainwheels and shortly after the pilot lowered the nosewheel to the ground, the nosegear collapsed. The aircraft slid to a stop on the strip, in a nosedown attitude. An inspection of the aircraft revealed that the nosegear assembly showed signs of excessive freeplay. This resulted in an excessive load on the downlock bracket and its ultimate failure in overload during this landing. The strip surface was rough, consisting of sandy soil covered with tufts of grass. The nature of the surface probably contributed to the failure.

Significant Factors:

The following factors were considered relevant to the development of the accident

- 1. The strip surface was rough.
- 2. The nosegear assembly showed signs of excessive wear and had not been maintained adequately.