Aviation Safety Investigation Report 199000596

Robinson R22 Beta

23 September 1990

Readers are advised that the Australian Transport Safety Bureau investigates for the sole purpose of enhancing transport safety. Consequently, Bureau reports are confined to matters of safety significance and may be misleading if used for any other purposes.

Investigations commenced on or before 30 June 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the CEO of the Bureau in accordance with Part 2A of the Air Navigation Act 1920.

Investigations commenced after 1 July 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the CEO of the Bureau in accordance with the Transport Safety Investigation Act 2003 (TSI Act). Reports released under the TSI Act are not admissible as evidence in any civil or criminal proceedings.

NOTE: All air safety occurrences reported to the ATSB are categorised and recorded. For a detailed explanation on Category definitions please refer to the ATSB website at www.atsb.gov.au.

This accident was not formally investigated by the Bureau.

Occurrence Number: 199000596 Occurrence Type: Accident

Location: Snowdrop Creek NT (130 km NE Katherine) **Date:** 23 September 1990 **Time:** N/K

Highest Injury Level: Nil

Injuries:

	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None
Crew	0	0	1	1
Ground	0	0	0	-
Passenger	0	0	0	1
Total	0	0	0	2

Aircraft Details: Robinson R22 Beta

Registration: VH-HBH

Serial Number: 557

Operation Type: Aerial Work **Damage Level:** Substantial **Departure Point:** Eva Valley NT

Departure Time: N/K

Destination: Eva Valley NT

Approved for Release: 5th April 1991

Circumstances:

The pilot reported that he felt a "kick" in the tail rotor which disappeared immediately. A short time later, the anomaly returned and the pilot elected to carry out a precautionary landing. However, the engine suddenly failed and the pilot had to use most of the rotor inertia to reach a suitable landing area. The following attempt to cushion the landing with the use of collective input was ineffective and a heavy landing ensued. An inspection of the aircraft by the operator revealed traces of water in the carburettor fuel bowl and this is believed to have caused the engine failure. No other defects or anomalies were reported.