Aviation Safety Investigation Report 198700891

Cessna 182Q

27 July 1987

Readers are advised that the Australian Transport Safety Bureau investigates for the sole purpose of enhancing transport safety. Consequently, Bureau reports are confined to matters of safety significance and may be misleading if used for any other purposes.

Investigations commenced on or before 30 June 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the CEO of the Bureau in accordance with Part 2A of the Air Navigation Act 1920.

Investigations commenced after 1 July 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the CEO of the Bureau in accordance with the Transport Safety Investigation Act 2003 (TSI Act). Reports released under the TSI Act are not admissible as evidence in any civil or criminal proceedings.

NOTE: All air safety occurrences reported to the ATSB are categorised and recorded. For a detailed explanation on Category definitions please refer to the ATSB website at <u>www.atsb.gov.au</u>.

Occurrence Number: Location: Date: Highest Injury Level: Injuries:		Whirly Hole (60 km W Oodnadatta 27 July 1987			Occurrence Type: Incident a) SA Time: 800	
5			Fatal	Serious	Minor	None
		Crew	0	0	0	0
		Ground	0	0	0	-
		Passenger	0	0	0	0
		Total	0	0	0	0
Aircraft Details: Registration: Serial Number: Operation Type: Damage Level: Departure Point: Departure Time: Destination:	VH-PW 182-66 Aerial V Substar Whirly N/A	VC 742 Work (Spott ntial	<i>C</i> ,			

Approved for Release: September 29th 1987

Circumstances:

The pilot had flown to Whirly Hole the previous day and after helping with the muster, the aircraft was landed and left overnight on the strip. Next morning, when the pilot attempted to start the engine, he found that he had left the master-switch in the ON position, which flattened the battery. He attempted to hand start the engine but it failed to fire, so after re-priming he set the throttle to a position which equates to about 1200 RPM. Upon the second start attempt, the engine fired but the aircraft moved off at a reasonable speed, with the pilot unable to intercept it before it struck a tree. Prior to starting the engine, although the pilot checked the park brake lever was still in the ON position, he did not re-apply pressure to the brake pedals. It is probable that hydraulic pressure bled off during the night or that the brakes were only lightly applied the previous evening. The brake system was serviceable and the pre-start checks include a requirement to test and set the brakes.