Aviation Safety Investigation Report 198502567

Piper Aerostar 601

26 November 1985

Readers are advised that the Australian Transport Safety Bureau investigates for the sole purpose of enhancing transport safety. Consequently, Bureau reports are confined to matters of safety significance and may be misleading if used for any other purposes.

Investigations commenced on or before 30 June 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the CEO of the Bureau in accordance with Part 2A of the Air Navigation Act 1920.

Investigations commenced after 1 July 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the CEO of the Bureau in accordance with the Transport Safety Investigation Act 2003 (TSI Act). Reports released under the TSI Act are not admissible as evidence in any civil or criminal proceedings.

NOTE: All air safety occurrences reported to the ATSB are categorised and recorded. For a detailed explanation on Category definitions please refer to the ATSB website at <u>www.atsb.gov.au</u>.

Occurrence Number: Location: Date: Highest Injury Level: Injuries:		"Gumma", 6 km East Macksville I 26 November 1985			Occurrence Type: Accident NSW Time: 1745	
0			Fatal	Serious	Minor	None
		Crew	0	0	1	1
		Ground	-	0	0	-
		Passenger	0	0	0	0
		Total	0	0	0	1
Registration: Serial Number:	"Gumma" NSW					

Approved for Release: 23rd January 1986

Circumstances:

During the take-off roll the right mainwheel entered an area of soft sand and sank to a depth of 230 mm. The resultant loads applied to the scissor link caused it to fail and the wheel swivelled through 180 degrees. This in turn produced flexing of the gear leg, the downlock disengaged, and the leg collapsed. The aircraft swerved to the right and came to rest just outside the flight strip. The pilot and the operating company were aware that soft areas were present on the strip. The pilot had landed and departed again during the morning without undue problems, and had made an uneventful landing shortly before this particular take-off attempt. However, on this occasion wind conditions dictated a take-off in the opposite direction to that employed earlier in the day and a soft area was encountered at a speed of about 50 knots.