**Aviation Safety Investigation Report 198802409** 

De Havilland DH-82A

**25 November 1988** 

Readers are advised that the Australian Transport Safety Bureau investigates for the sole purpose of enhancing transport safety. Consequently, Bureau reports are confined to matters of safety significance and may be misleading if used for any other purposes.

Investigations commenced on or before 30 June 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the CEO of the Bureau in accordance with Part 2A of the Air Navigation Act 1920.

Investigations commenced after 1 July 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the CEO of the Bureau in accordance with the Transport Safety Investigation Act 2003 (TSI Act). Reports released under the TSI Act are not admissible as evidence in any civil or criminal proceedings.

NOTE: All air safety occurrences reported to the ATSB are categorised and recorded. For a detailed explanation on Category definitions please refer to the ATSB website at www.atsb.gov.au.

Occurrence Number: 198802409 Occurrence Type: Accident

**Location:** Wards Mistake NSW

**Date:** 25 November 1988 **Time:** 1800 ESuT

**Highest Injury Level:** Nil

**Injuries:** 

	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None
Crew	0	0	1	1
Ground	0	0	0	-
Passenger	0	0	0	1
Total	0	0	0	2

Aircraft Details: De Havilland DH-82A

Registration: VH-AJQ
Serial Number: T262
Operation Type: Private
Damage Level: Substantial
Departure Point: Luskintyre NSW

**Departure Time:** N/K

**Destination:** Wards Mistake NSW

**Approved for Release:** 4th July 1989

## **Circumstances:**

On arrival in the circuit at the destination, the pilot estimated the wind strength at 5 to 15 knots blowing directly across the strip. He elected to land towards the north east with the crosswind from the left. After landing the pilot reported the aircraft was hit by a wind gust which tipped it onto its right wing. The aircraft then weather cocked and ran off the mown section of the strip into long grass where it overturned. This accident was not the subject on an on scene investigation.

## **Significant Factors:**

The following factors were considered relevant to the development of the accident

- 1. Excessive gusting crosswind.
- 2. Pilot encountered conditions which resulted in a loss of directional control.