1

Aviation Safety Investigation Report 198800733

Kavanagh Balloon 240

7 October 1988

Readers are advised that the Australian Transport Safety Bureau investigates for the sole purpose of enhancing transport safety. Consequently, Bureau reports are confined to matters of safety significance and may be misleading if used for any other purposes.

Investigations commenced on or before 30 June 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the CEO of the Bureau in accordance with Part 2A of the Air Navigation Act 1920.

Investigations commenced after 1 July 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the CEO of the Bureau in accordance with the Transport Safety Investigation Act 2003 (TSI Act). Reports released under the TSI Act are not admissible as evidence in any civil or criminal proceedings.

NOTE: All air safety occurrences reported to the ATSB are categorised and recorded. For a detailed explanation on Category definitions please refer to the ATSB website at www.atsb.gov.au.

Occurrence Number: 198800733 Occurrence Type: Accident

Location: 2 km West of Alice Springs NT

Date: 7 October 1988 **Time:** 650

Highest Injury Level: Serious

Injuries:

	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None
Crew	0	0	1	1
Ground	0	0	0	-
Passenger	0	1	0	9
Total	0	1	0	10

Aircraft Details: Kavanagh Balloon 240

Registration: VH-HKP **Serial Number:** KBO54 **Operation Type:** Charter **Damage Level:** Nil

Departure Point: Emily Gap (15km NE of

Alice Springs) NT

Departure Time: 0620

Destination: Alice Springs NT

Approved for Release: 6 May 1989

Circumstances:

The pilot reported making an approach to land in light winds. The balloon skipped once and then made a slightly heavier than normal landing after brushing through a small tree. A female passenger complained of injury while still in the basket after landing. The balloon was deflated and the injured passenger was left in the basket for the trip to the hospital. A later report revealed that the passenger had suffered tibial plateau fractures to both legs. Witnesses and other passengers made no adverse comments about the severity of the landing. The injured passenger was wearing suitable footwear, but may have assumed an incorrect position when bracing for the landing.

Significant Factors:

The following factors were considered relevant to the development of the accident

- 1. The pilot executed a slightly heavier than normal landing.
- 2. The injured passenger possibly assumed an incorrect position for landing.