## 1

**Aviation Safety Investigation Report 198602341** 

Aerospatiale AS 355F-1

28 July 1986

Readers are advised that the Australian Transport Safety Bureau investigates for the sole purpose of enhancing transport safety. Consequently, Bureau reports are confined to matters of safety significance and may be misleading if used for any other purposes.

Investigations commenced on or before 30 June 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the CEO of the Bureau in accordance with Part 2A of the Air Navigation Act 1920.

Investigations commenced after 1 July 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the CEO of the Bureau in accordance with the Transport Safety Investigation Act 2003 (TSI Act). Reports released under the TSI Act are not admissible as evidence in any civil or criminal proceedings.

NOTE: All air safety occurrences reported to the ATSB are categorised and recorded. For a detailed explanation on Category definitions please refer to the ATSB website at www.atsb.gov.au.

Occurrence Number: 198602341 Occurrence Type: Accident

**Location:** Bankstown NSW

**Date:** 28 July 1986 **Time:** 750

**Highest Injury Level:** Nil

**Injuries:** 

	Fatal	Serious	Minor	None
Crew	0	0	1	1
Ground	0	0	0	-
Passenger	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	1

Aircraft Details: Aerospatiale AS 355F-1

**Registration:** VH-NWA

**Serial Number:** 

**Operation Type:** Miscellaneous (Ferry)

**Damage Level:** Substantial

**Departure Point:** North Ryde NSW

**Departure Time:** 0750

**Destination:** Bankstown NSW

Approved for Release: September 1st 1986

## **Circumstances:**

During the downwind leg of the circuit, the pilot heard a sharp cracking noise, which was accompanied by a vibration in the airframe. He also noted that the transmission oil pressure warning light had illuminated. A precautionary landing was carried out, and an initial inspection revealed that a transmission cowling had become detached in flight. The cowling had struck the main rotor disc, and a piece of debris had then hit a tail rotor blade. The design of the latches of the cowling is such that they can appear to be locked when they are actually in an unsecured position. It was possible that the pilot had not fully secured the cowling during his pre-flight inspection. However, the locks were not recovered and the precise reason for the cowling opening in flight could not be established. A detailed examination failed to reveal any reason for the illumination of the oil pressure warning light. It was likely that the warning was spurious, probably being generated by moisture around the pressure sensing switch wiring.