AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION SUMMARY REPORT

LOCATION OF OCCURRENCE

GOVERNMENT OF AUSTRALIA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT

Reference No.

ation of this report is authorised by the Secretary under the provisions of Air Navigation Regulations 283 (1)

AS/743/1020

orooduc, Victoria.					Date 15.3.74	Time (Lo 1205 h		Zone EST			
2. THE AIRCRAFT											
Make and Model	Registration		Certificate of Airworthiness								
Aero Commander 100	o Commander 100 VH-BFA			Valid from 16.5.69 to 15.8.78							
Certificate of Registration issued to		Operator The Pilot Makers E			_	Degree of domage to aircraft					
J.L.W. Ellis,			y. Ltd.,	E.F. 1.3	4. F. 1. S.		Destroyed				
5 Heales Street,	5 Heales Street,			Other property damaged							
Dromana, Victoria.	Victoria. Dromana, Victoria			а,			Nil				
Defects discovered											
Nil 3. THE FLIGHT							·				
2. THE FLIGHT Last or intended departure point Time of departure Next point of intended				landing Purpose of flight Class of operation							
	·				Unknown		·				
loorooduc	1205 hours	Unknown Unk		Unkno	WII	Private					
4. THE CREW							·				
Nome	Status	Age	Class of	Class of licence		Total hours	Degree of injury		jury		
Murray Malcolm LOOKER	Pilot	27	Student		Nil	21 Fatal					
5. OTHER PERSONS (All pass	engers and person	s injured o	n ground)								
Name	Status	Degree of	injury	njury Name		Status		Degree	of injury		
6. RELEVANT EVENTS											
The pilot commenced	The pilot commenced flying training with the operator on 2 February, 1974 and all of his training had										
been carried out in Auster type aircraft. His first and only solo flight was made on 11 March. He had also											

flown as a passenger in VH-BFA on two occasions. A further training flight had been arranged for 1030 hours on the day of the accident but, prior to this time, the pilot cancelled the arrangement by telephone. Nevertheless, at about 1100 hours he arrived at the flight office of the operator at Moorooduc and, some time later, he as observed walking towards the line of parked aircraft. At about 1200 hours the instructor in charge, who s then in the flight office some 1500 metres from the parked aircraft, heard an aircraft engine start and he established that the aircraft concerned was VH-BFA. As he had not authorised any person to fly VH-BFA, the instructor drove his car to intercept the aircraft which had by then commenced taxying towards the airstrip. The car arrived at the southern end of the airstrip as the aircraft commenced to take off towards the north. After a short ground roll, the aircraft became airborne and climbed steeply to a height of about 150 feet. It then commenced a steep climbing turn to the left and, after turning through some 90 degrees, the nose dropped and the aircraft dived to the ground and overturned after impact. Shortly after impact a fierce fire broke out and extended to the surrounding scrub.

It was subsequently established that the pilot was suffering from a mental illness for which he had been receiving treatment since 1972. On 4 February 1974 he was medically examined in connection with his application for a student pilot licence. He did not disclose his mental illness to the medical examiner and he was assessed as meeting the appropriate medical standards and issued with a licence. Because of his undisclosed illness he did not meet the medical standards required for the issue of any pilot licence.

OPINION AS TO CAUSE

The cause of the accident was that the pilot attempted to make an unauthorised flight which was beyond his level of experience and ability.

Approved for
publication

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(I.M. Leslie)

27, 1, 1977

DEFINITIONS

- ACCIDENT An occurrence associated with the operation of an aircraft which takes place between the time any person boards the aircraft with the intention of flight until such time as all those persons have disembarked and in which
 - (a) any person suffers death or serious injury as a result of being in or upon the aircraft or by direct contact with the aircraft or anything attached to the aircraft; or
 - (b) the aircraft suffers substantial damage.

FATAL INJURY - Any injury which results in death within 30 days.

SERIOUS INJURY - Any injury other than a fatal injury which

- (a) requires hospitalisation for more than 48 hours, commencing within seven days from the date the injury was received; or
- (b) results in a fracture of any bone (except simple fractures of fingers, toes or nose); or
- (c) involves lacerations which cause severe haemorrhages, nerve, muscle or tendon damage; or
- (d) involves injury to any internal organ; or
- (e) involves second or third degree burns, or any burns affecting more than five percent of the body surface.

MINOR INJURY - Any injury other than as defined under "Fatal Injury" or "Serious Injury".

DESTROYED ~ Consumed by fire, demolished or damaged beyond repair.

SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE - Damage or structural failure which adversely affects the structural strength, performance or flight characteristics of the aircraft and which would normally require major repair or replacement of the affected component. The following types of damage are specifically excluded: engine failure, damage limited to an engine, bent fairings or cowling, dented skin, small punctured holes in the skin or fabric, taxi-ing damage to propeller blades, damage to tyres, engine accessories, brakes, or wingtips.

MINOR DAMAGE - Damage other than as defined under "Destroyed" or "Substantial Damage".