COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA
DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL AVIATION

## AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION SUMMARY REPORT,

Reference No. AS/692/1046

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL AVIATION	AIRCRAIT	ACCIDENT INTE.	TION TION	JOMMAN	T KEI OKI	<u> </u>	
1. LOCATION OF OCCURRENT	CE						
		Height a.m.s.l. (ft)		. (ft)	Date	Time (Local)	7
Two miles south of Warragamba, New South Wales.			les. 600 feet		21.9.69	1620	EST
- THE AIRCRAFT						· .	
make and Model		egistration	Certificate of		Valid from Valid to		
PA24-250 Comanche		VH-RSW	Airworthiness	iness	18.6.65	17.6.74	
Registered Owner Royal Aero Club of New So		Operator Royal Aero Club of New South Wales, Destroyed					
Bankstown Airport,		Bankstown Airport,			Other property damaged		
New South Wales.		New South Wales. Post and wire fence					
Defects discovered							
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3. THE FLIGHT							
Last or intended departure point	Time of departure	Next point of intended	landing P	urpose of fli	ght	Class of operation	

Last or intended departure point	Time of departure	Next point of intended landing		Purpose of flight		Class of operation	
Bankstown Airport	1547	Bankstown Airport		Pleasure		Private	
THE CREW	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······································				
Name	Status	Age	Class of licence	Hours on type	Total hours	Degree of injury	
John Bernard NICHOLLS	Pilot	57	Private	47 hours	4032 hours	Serious	

5. OTHER PERSONS (All passengers and persons injured on ground)

Name	Status	Degree of injury	Name	Status	Degree of injury
Peter McKay WEIR Bernard James KENNY	Passenger Passenger	Serious Serious	Michael Helmore HEAD	Passenger	Fatal

CONTRAVENTIONS OF REGULATIONS AND ORDERS

Regulation or Order No.			Nature of contravention	 
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		•		
	"		<b>N</b>	
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## RELEVANT EVENTS

Prior to making this flight, the pilot had not flown the aircraft type since February 1969. The aircraft was refuelled before departure and adequate fuel was available for the flight. In the vicinity of Warragamba at 2500 feet the pilot changed the fuel selection from the right tank on which he had been operating and after a few seconds the engine ceased to give power. He checked the engine controls and changed the position of the fuel selector several times. Apart from a brief period of surges of power his efforts to restart the engine were of no avail and he chose a field on which to carry out a forced landing. He was unable to position the aircraft for a successful approach to the selected field and, when this became apparent over the final few hundred feet of descent, he continued on a straight course until the aircraft struck a tree and crashed to the ground among trees in the vicinity of out-buildings attached to a farm property.

The aircraft was fitted with two fuel tanks and the fuel selector provided for selection of left or right tank or 'off'. The selector also had detent positions for two auxiliary tanks which are not fitted to this particular aircraft and, to prevent selection of these positions at which the fuel is not available, the selector incorporated a small strip of aluminium with the ends bent to form stops. When the aircraft was examined it was found that the starboard stop was overridden and the selector was set to approximately the port auxiliary tank selection.

## 8. OPINION AS TO CAUSE

he cause of the accident was that following an engine power failure the pilot misjudged the forced landing approach. The engine power failure was a result of the pilot making an incorrect fuel tank selection.

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Report approved		Designation	Date	_
K. Frakam.	(D.S. GRAHAM)	Assistant Director-General (Air Safety Investigation)	6,5.70	